

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## PLUS GAS

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name PLUS GAS

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Lubricant.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Saint Gobain Abrasives  
Doxey Road  
Stafford  
England  
ST16 1EA  
01785 222000  
www.saint-gobain.co.uk

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification

Physical hazards Aerosol 1 - H222, H229  
Health hazards Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 STOT SE 3 - H336  
Environmental hazards Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xi;R38. F+;R12. N;R51/53. R67.

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### Pictogram



##### Signal word

Danger

##### Hazard statements

H315 Causes skin irritation.  
H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated  
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.  
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

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<b>Precautionary statements</b>	<p>P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</p> <p>P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.</p> <p>P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.</p> <p>P261 Avoid breathing vapour/spray.</p> <p>P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</p> <p>P273 Avoid release to the environment.</p> <p>P280 Wear protective clothing, gloves, eye and face protection.</p> <p>P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.</p> <p>P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.</p> <p>P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</p> <p>P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.</p> <p>P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.</p> <p>P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.</p>
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**Contains** Kerosine (Petroleum), Hydrodesulfurized

**Detergent labelling** ≥ 30% aliphatic hydrocarbons

### 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2. Mixtures

<b>Kerosine (Petroleum), Hydrodesulfurized</b>		<b>60-100%</b>
CAS number: 64742-81-0	EC number: 265-184-9	REACH registration number: 01-2119462828-25-xxxx
<b>Classification</b>	<b>Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)</b>	
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315	Xn;R65. Xi;R38. N;R51/53. R67.	
STOT SE 3 - H336		
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		
STOT SE 3 - H336		
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		
<b>White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)</b>		<b>5-10%</b>
CAS number: 8042-47-5	EC number: 232-455-8	REACH registration number: 01-2119487078-27-XXXX
<b>Classification</b>	<b>Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)</b>	
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304	Xn;R65.	

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

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**Eye contact** Rinse with water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Inhalation** May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Ingestion** May cause discomfort if swallowed.

**Skin contact** Causes skin irritation.

**Eye contact** May cause discomfort.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes for the doctor** Treat symptomatically.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Specific hazards** Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated

**Hazardous combustion products** Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

**Protective actions during firefighting** Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions** Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Take care as floors and other surfaces may become slippery. Avoid contact with contaminated tools and objects. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for cleaning up** Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Provide adequate ventilation. Wipe up with an absorbent cloth and dispose of waste safely. Absorb spillage with inert, damp, non-combustible material. Containers with collected spillage must be properly labelled with correct contents and hazard symbol. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

**Reference to other sections** Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

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### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

**Usage precautions** Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Wear protective gloves. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapour/spray. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Provide adequate ventilation. Keep container in a well-ventilated place. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Do not empty into drains. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage precautions** Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Store at temperatures between 4°C and 40°C. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

**Storage class** Flammable compressed gas storage.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

**Specific end use(s)** The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

### SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

##### Occupational exposure limits

##### KEROSINE (PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

##### KEROSINE (PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED (CAS: 64742-81-0)

##### DNEL

- Oral; Long term : 19 mg/kg/day

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

##### Protective equipment



##### Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation.

##### Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. The following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166.

##### Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. For exposure up to 4 hours, wear gloves made of the following material: Nitrile rubber. Rubber (natural, latex). Neoprene. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 4 hours. The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected.

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**Hygiene measures** Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

## SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance</b>	Aerosol.
<b>Colour</b>	Clear.
<b>Odour</b>	Mild. Solvent.
<b>pH</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	Insoluble in water.

### 9.2. Other information

<b>Other information</b>	Not determined.
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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.
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### 10.2. Chemical stability

<b>Stability</b>	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.
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### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	Not determined.
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### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition.
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### 10.5. Incompatible materials

<b>Materials to avoid</b>	Flammable/combustible materials.
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### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ).
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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### Aspiration hazard

<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Aspiration hazard if swallowed.
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<b>Inhalation</b>	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
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<b>Ingestion</b>	May cause discomfort. Aspiration hazard if swallowed.
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<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes skin irritation.
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<b>Eye contact</b>	May cause discomfort.
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### Toxicological information on ingredients.

#### KEROSINE (PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED

#### Acute toxicity - oral

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**Acute toxicity oral (LD<sub>50</sub> mg/kg)** 5,000.0

**Species** Rat

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 5,000.0

**Acute toxicity - dermal**

**Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> mg/kg)** 2,000.1

**Species** Rabbit

**ATE dermal (mg/kg)** 2,000.1

**Acute toxicity - inhalation**

**Acute toxicity inhalation (LC<sub>50</sub> dust/mist mg/l)** 5.29

**Species** Rat

**ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l)** 5.29

**WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)****Acute toxicity - oral**

**Acute toxicity oral (LD<sub>50</sub> mg/kg)** 2,000.1

**Species** Rat

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 2,000.1

**Acute toxicity - dermal**

**Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> mg/kg)** 2,000.1

**Species** Rat

**ATE dermal (mg/kg)** 2,000.1

**Acute toxicity - inhalation**

**Acute toxicity inhalation (LC<sub>50</sub> vapours mg/l)** 2,000.1

**Species** Rat

**ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)** 2,000.1

**SECTION 12: Ecological Information**

**Ecotoxicity** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**12.1. Toxicity**

**Acute toxicity - fish** Not determined.

**Ecological information on ingredients.**

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### KEROSINE (PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED

<b>Acute toxicity - fish</b>	LC <sub>50</sub> , 96 hours: 2 - 5 mg/l, Fish
<b>Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates</b>	EC <sub>50</sub> , 48 hours: 1.4 mg/l, Daphnia magna
<b>Acute toxicity - aquatic plants</b>	IC <sub>50</sub> , 72 hours: 1 - 3 mg/l, Algae
<b>Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage</b>	, 28 days, 28 days: .098 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
<b>Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates</b>	, 21 days, 21 days: 0.89 , Daphnia magna

### WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)

<b>Acute toxicity - fish</b>	LC <sub>50</sub> , 96 hours, 96 hours: > 400,000 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
<b>Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates</b>	EC <sub>50</sub> , 96 hours, 96 hours: > 500,000 mg/l, Marinewater invertebrates EC <sub>50</sub> , 48 hours: 500000 ppm mg/l, Daphnia magna

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

**Persistence and degradability** The product is expected to be biodegradable.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulative potential** The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

**Mobility** The product is insoluble in water and will spread on the water surface.

#### Ecological information on ingredients.

### WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)

**Mobility** The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Results of PBT and vPvB assessment** This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

#### Ecological information on ingredients.

### KEROSINE (PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED

**Results of PBT and vPvB assessment** This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

**Other adverse effects** Not determined.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

**Disposal methods** Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements.

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### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### 14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID)	1950
UN No. (IMDG)	1950
UN No. (ICAO)	1950

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (ADR/RID) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (IMDG) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (ICAO) AEROSOLS

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class	2.1
ADR/RID classification code	5F
IMDG class	2.1
ICAO class/division	2.1
ADN class	2.1

#### Transport labels



#### 14.4. Packing group

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Tunnel restriction code (D)

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended).



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**EU legislation** Commission Regulation (EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010.  
Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).  
Regulation (EC) No 648/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 on detergents (as amended).

**Guidance** Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

#### SECTION 16: Other information

**Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet** ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.  
ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.  
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.  
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.  
IATA: International Air Transport Association.  
IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.  
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.  
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.  
vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

**Revision comments** NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.

**Revision date** 29/02/2016

**Revision** 2.1

**Supersedes date** 04/02/2015

**Risk phrases in full** R12 Extremely flammable.  
R38 Irritating to skin.  
R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.  
R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.  
R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

**Hazard statements in full** H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.  
H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated  
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
H315 Causes skin irritation.  
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.